

# Arizona Weekly Enterprise.

VOLUME VIII.

FLORENCE, PINAL COUNTY, ARIZONA, SATURDAY, MAY 19, 1888.

NUMBER 7.

## CHARLES HOLBORN,

Wholesale and Retail

— Dealer in —

## Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

OLD BAILEY CORNER, FLORENCE.

Only First-Class Goods Sold.

DEALERS IN OUTSIDE TOWNS AND CAMPS SUPPLIED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

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## Lumber, Timbers and Builders' Materials.

—OF EVERY DESCRIPTION—

CASAGRANDE, ARIZONA.

ORDERS FROM FLORENCE, PINAL, SILVER KING, AND MINING CAMPS PROMPTLY supplied at lowest prices. A fine stock of Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, etc., always on hand.

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## MERCHANT TAILORS.

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(NW corner Sutter St., up stairs.)

FINEST LINE OF GOODS ON THE COAST—A FINE FIT GUARANTEED.

SHIRTS TO ORDER A SPECIALTY.

BRANCH OFFICE AT PHOENIX, ARIZONA.

## G. W. Ingalls & Co., Real Estate and Mining Brokers,

Phoenix, Arizona.

Real Estate Bought and Sold.

Particular attention given to the Sale of Country property, including Stock Ranges and Land suitable for Colonization. Abstracts furnished and Loans Negotiated. Catalogues of properties furnished on application. We refer by permission to Kase & Lewis, Bankers, and the Valley Bank of Phoenix, Phoenix, Arizona.

## THE MACHINERY DEPOT OF TUCSON,

A Shop in which all kinds of Machine Repairing can be done.

Steam Engines, Heavy Machinery, Windmills, Steam and Horse Power Pumps, Wrought Iron Pipe, Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting.

Mill, Mine and Ranch Supplies, Barbed Wire and Iron Roofing.

HARDWARE, LUBRICATING OILS.

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Tucson.

CARL SELIGMANN,

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## IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,

And Wholesale Dealers in

## Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco.

—SOLE AGENTS FOR—

## SCHLITZ BEER.

Agents for the Celebrated Victoria Water.

Always a large stock of

Imported Key West and Domestic Cigars on hand.

Country Orders will be filled promptly.

## Selling Out at Cost!

## LEO GOLDSCHMIDT,

Of Tucson, Ariz., Dealer in

## Furniture, Carpets and Bedding.

Having made arrangements to remove his business to San Bernardino, California, offers his entire stock of

## Furniture, Carpets and Bedding at Cost.

And many articles below cost. The entire stock must be sold before

## JUNE FIRST

There will probably never be another opportunity like this to secure furniture in Arizona at such low prices.

Mail Orders promptly attended to.

LEO GOLDSCHMIDT, - - Tucson Arizona.

## OUR MINERAL EXHIBIT.

An Open Letter from N. O. Murphy to the Miners of Arizona Concerning It.

PRESCOTT, ARIZ., May 5, 1888.

TO THE MINERS OF ARIZONA:

Your attention is invited to the present status of what is known as the Territorial Mineral Collection, which has been on exhibition at various places for a number of years, notably at Denver, Chicago, New Orleans and St. Louis, with the suggestion that the mining interests, which represent the leading industry of the Territory, take such steps as they may deem advisable to derive all possible benefit from the exhibition of the collection.

After the close of the North, South and Central American Exposition at New Orleans, in 1886, such portions of the collection as belonged to individuals were returned to them, as per agreement by the commissioner of the Territory, and the balance or bulk of the exhibit, with the glass cases and other appurtenances, stored in a private warehouse, subject to the order of the Territorial officials, upon payment of storage charges; this was done, as no provision of law existed and no appropriation had been made to return the collection to the Territory, or exhibit it elsewhere.

In September, 1887, just previous to the Grand Army reunion, which took place in St. Louis, a committee of Barrett Post, No. 3, Grand Army of the Republic, located at Prescott, called upon Governor Zulkoff requesting authority to display the exhibit at St. Louis during the encampment. He informed them, that while he had no authority of law to grant their request, he having no specific jurisdiction over the collection, that he considered it a good move, and that he would make no objection, providing they would pay the storage charges at New Orleans and release the territory from its responsibility therefor, and also pay all expense of removal. These conditions were accepted by Barrett Post, and steps were immediately taken to move the collection from New Orleans to St. Louis, the cost thereof being, storage charges, exchange, etc., \$84; transportation, cartage, etc., \$85; total, \$169.

The above sum was contributed by Barrett Post alone, and was quite a severe tax upon the members. It then became necessary, in order to make the exhibition a success, to send representatives to St. Louis to personally look after and display the collection. For this purpose Capt. W. F. R. Schindler and myself were selected. Captain Schindler on behalf of Barrett Post, and myself on behalf of the Board of Trade of Prescott. Capt. Schindler's expenses were very largely paid by his Post and by himself, while a contribution by the Board of Trade and citizens of Prescott was made to pay the expenses incurred by me while on this duty. On reaching St. Louis, we found that, owing to the late arrival of the exhibit from New Orleans, the inclemency of the weather, etc., it would be impossible to make a successful exhibition during the short meeting of the Grand Army, we therefore cast about us to secure the very best place possible to expose the collection.

The regular St. Louis Annual Exposition was then in full blast and presented a very fine exhibition of the country's industries. The Exposition Association own and occupy one of the finest exhibition buildings in the country, constructed for beauty, permanence and convenience, and we did our utmost with the management to secure space for the exhibit. The building was well filled, but we succeeded in getting sufficient space to exhibit a small portion of the collection, principally from Yavapai county and the vicinity of Prescott—this neighborhood having borne all the expense of this effort, we deemed it our duty to give it precedence, although we found place for several other districts. The large bulk of the collection we could not exhibit for want of space, but we were able to make such arrangements for the future as in my opinion will be of great benefit to the Territory. Recognizing St. Louis as being very favorably located for representing our mineral resources as it possesses the very best facilities for exhibition purposes, myself and associate commissioner entered into the following contract with the Exposition management:

St. Louis, Sept. 29, 1887.

To J. H. Johnson, Secretary St. Louis Exposition Association:

Sir—The undersigned, Commissioners from the Territory of Arizona, beg leave to submit to you the following proposition. We have here for exhibition our territorial collection of minerals, formerly exhibited at the World's Fair at New Orleans, La., together with valuable additions. If our wish to place the same on permanent exhibition with your Association, providing proper arrangements can be made. The exhibit was brought here particularly for exhibition at Armory Hall of your city during the Grand Encampment, but recognizing the advantages of your Exposition, we have deemed it advisable to propose exhibition with you upon the following terms, viz:

1st. That you furnish sufficient and conspicuous space in which to expose the exhibit.

2d. That you furnish men to unpack and expose the same, clean and repair cases, etc.

3d. That all expenses of making this exhibit other than the personal expenses of Arizona's representatives shall be borne by you.

4th. That two Commissioners of Arizona shall have access to the building and exhibit during the progress of the present and future Expositions, and shall have the privilege of superintending and adding to the collection.

5th. That you shall exercise care and caution in preserving the exhibit from spoliation and loss.

6th. In consideration of the fulfillment of the above conditions, the exhibit shall remain on permanent show at the Exposition during the continuance thereof, and shall not be removed at any future time without the consent of the Exposition management and the re-payment to the Association of whatever money they have expended in fitting up and placing

the same; and should the officials of the Territory of Arizona ever demand said exhibit to be shown elsewhere they shall first reimburse the Exposition Association of St. Louis for whatever expense they shall have incurred in fitting up and exhibiting the collection before it shall be incumbent upon said Association to surrender it.

7th. That due diligence shall be observed in putting this collection upon permanent and conspicuous exhibition.

W. F. R. SCHINDLER,  
N. O. MURPHY,  
Commissioners.

Accepted on behalf of the Exposition Management. [Signed]

J. H. JOHNSON, Sec'y.

According to the foregoing arrangement, the entire mineral collection of Arizona, now at St. Louis, will be given conspicuous space at the exhibition, be unpacked and displayed to the best advantage, free of cost to the Territory, and the privilege is accorded to territorial representatives to add to and improve the collection, and to represent the same in person if they so desire. When it is considered that the collection comprises nearly ten tons of minerals, exhibition cases and appurtenances, which will be displayed conspicuously and permanently, without cost to the Territory, with the privilege of improving and adding to the exhibit, it will be seen that at least a fair contract was entered into. I have no personal interest in the matter beyond my individual desire for the welfare and progress of the Territory, and I publish this letter simply because I believe the exact status of our mineral collection should be known and thoroughly understood by the public and by the mining interests especially.

And in this connection, I wish to add that I believe a good opportunity is now afforded to add to and improve the exhibit at St. Louis, at little or no cost.

Mr. J. H. Johnson, the secretary of the Exposition, will extend every facility in his power to improve the collection, and will give his personal supervision to its display; he has assumed me of this verbally and by letter, and he deserves the thanks of our citizens for his kindness and courteous interest. Any packages of ore or specimens addressed to him as secretary of the Exposition, will be cared for, exhibited and properly credited. I learn from him that Colorado, Wyoming and Montana are taking steps to present mineral collections for exhibition. Arizona has the advantage of them by having so large a collection already in place, and a very little trouble would put our collection far above them all. I believe this matter should be looked after, and that the prominence of our mining interests would justify a lively interest being taken. I think the formation of mining associations, and the Territorial, and possibly a convention of miners would be of great benefit. In my opinion, it would be no more than justice for the Territory to reimburse Barrett Post for its outlay, especially as all expense for storage has been relieved and the collection has been placed on favorable and permanent exhibition where it will certainly do a great deal of good. Of this, however, I have no recommendation to make. At any rate I believe that steps should be taken to derive all the benefit possible from the Exposition. Respectfully,

N. O. MURPHY.

## Profits From Raisins.

The production of raisins is fast becoming a leading industry of California. It has been demonstrated beyond a question of doubt that the San Joaquin and Sacramento Valleys are not only adapted to this industry, but that the quality of the product is unsurpassed. W. A. Washer, well known to the people of this locality, has a raisin vineyard of forty acres, and it is through his kindness that we are able to furnish an estimate of the cost of getting a raisin vineyard in bearing condition, together with the profits arising therefrom. The following estimate is for a twenty-acre tract:

FIRST YEAR'S EXPENSES.

20 acres land at \$25 per acre.....	\$500
Planting and harrowing.....	40
7 M rooted vines at \$20 per M.....	140
Fencing.....	40
Cultivating.....	100
.....	\$820

SECOND YEAR'S EXPENSES.

Pruning.....	\$ 15
Cultivating.....	100
.....	\$115

THIRD YEAR'S EXPENSES AND PROFITS.

Pruning.....	\$ 25
Cultivating.....	100
Cost of making 10 tons raisins.....	300

1000 lbs raisins per acre, \$100	\$425
per ton.....	1000

FOURTH YEAR.

Pruning.....	\$ 50
Cultivating.....	100
Cost of making.....	600

20 tons raisins.....	\$2000
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FIFTH YEAR.

Pruning.....	\$ 60
Cultivating.....	100
Cost of making.....	1000

Total.....	\$1,160
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Forty tons of raisins.....	\$4,000
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Grand Total.....	\$3,270
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Cash on hand at end of five years.....	\$3,730
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Profit after deducting year.....	3,840
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A man doing his work would not be out money for cultivation and pruning. This would make a difference of \$970.—Red Bluff Sentinel.

## Build up by Advertising.

(New York Sun)

The late A. T. Stewart gave the first great impetus to advertising in this country, and he did it and built up his vast business and his enormous fortune, by conspicuously advertising his goods and then giving exactly the quality and the prices he advertised. If he had not followed a rule of business so wise, apart altogether from merely ethical considerations, he would never have risen above the petty trader as which he began.

Sam Drachman, of Tucson, not only sells the best cigars in the Territory, but is agent for the Louisiana Lottery and will sell tickets that win.

## Train Robbery in Sonora.

A Nogales dispatch of May 12th, gives the following particulars of a recent train robbery in Sonora:

One of the most desperate train robberies that has ever occurred in the southwest took place last night about 10 o'clock at Agua Zarca, a small station on the Sonora railroad twelve miles south of this city, in Sonora, Mexico. The train left here a little after 9 o'clock and consisted of two passenger coaches, a baggage, express and mail car and five freight cars. Just as the train slowed up at Agua Zarca siding to take wood, there were several shots fired and Fireman Forbes fell in the passage way between the cab and the tender and expired instantly, a large load of buck shot having struck him in the front part of the body. James Gray, the engineer, jumped from his seat through a cab window and secreted himself under the engine, thereby escaping. Almost immediately after the first fire the robbers made for the express car and shot the Hay, the messenger. One shot struck him in the head, another in the body, the ball passing through the kidneys, making probably a fatal wound. Conductor Lewis Atkinson, who was in the baggage car, started out and fatally shot just as he stepped out of the car door. W. H. French, a passenger who was formerly a conductor on the Sonora road, but now of the Mexican Central road, was standing in the second class coach and was shot through the body the ball passing through and lodging in his left arm. He will probably die, as will also Express Messenger Hay. When the robbers got into the express car, the messenger, who had fallen to the floor at the first shot, feigned death and the robbers turned him over and took from his pocket the key to the safe, a small iron box. After getting the key they could not unlock the box and three of them there were a large number, made a rush for the forward part of the train, but were met in the third class apartment of the forward coach by some of the robbers and were warned by one robber, who spoke English well, to "get back" to the baggage car. There were two Mexican customs guards on the train (two guards go on each train to Mexico) and they were covered with guns and told to keep quiet, as were also the passengers, who were armed. Soon after the safe was taken from the express car, a Mexican custom guard who was unoccupied half a mile north of the station and had heard the firing, put in an appearance and the robbers made their escape. The train men then side tracked the freight cars, and brought the balance of the train with the wounded back to this city, arriving here at about one o'clock this morning. As soon as the train arrived a posse was made up and the train again started on its trip, taking the posse as far as the scene of the robbery, where they got off and followed the Mexican customs guards who were on the trail of the robbers. The posse that went from here found the express safe a short distance from the siding. It had been unlocked and the contents, about \$130 in Mexican money and some papers, taken out. There were six robbers in the party, all Mexicans, and all wore masks. They fired a dozen shots. After leaving the train they took a southerly course for some distance and then turning north for the purpose, it is supposed, of reaching the line and crossing into United States. Soon after the train got back to this city Conductor Atkinson breathed his last. It is thought that Express Messengers Hay and French cannot survive through the day. Conductor Atkinson and Fireman Forbes, both of whom leave families, were buried this afternoon.

## Mexico's Night War.

El Paso Tribune.

The United States had the Apaches and Utes—two festering sores that it took her years to get rid of. Our neighboring republic—Mexico—has two neighboring sores spots, one in the extreme south and the other in the north of her territory—the Yucatan and the Yaqui Indians. The latter, under the leadership of a brave and eloquent native, Cajeme, for many years successfully kept out all outsiders, all Mexicans, from the rich, fertile and beautiful valley of the Yaqui and adjoining rivers, which drain one of the finest countries to be found between the crests of the Sierra Madre and the Pacific Ocean. Finally, when the building of railroads and the centralization of the Mexican government under President Diaz enabled the federal authorities of the republic to take in hand successively each separate portion of the country and reassert and firmly establish their paramount sovereignty, the days of Yaqui autonomy were ended. The Yaqui were routed in the open field, Cajeme captured and killed and the country nominally subjugated. But it was so only nominally for instead of open the Yaqui took to guerrilla warfare and Cajeme's place was soon filled by three or four inferior, but equally persistent, wily and brave chieftains. Recent dispatches from Sonora state that the war is by no means over. A colonel in command of a regiment of federal troops on the 20th of April had a fight with the Yaqui Indians on San Domingo Island, completely routing them. Several Indians were killed and a large number taken prisoners including many women and children. General Guerra telegraphed to the secretary of the state of Sonora, that on the 22nd of April, Cayetano Ignacio Figueroa of the federal forces, attacked a rebel party of Yaqui rebels at a place called Quichero, and had a desperate fight with them. It is believed that in this fight the federal forces were badly worsted. However, the Mexican troops captured a large number of guns, bows, arrows and ammunition. This is the first time the Yaqui have been known to go into a fight with bows and arrows. Probably they had lost in the numerous fights they had with Mexicans all their fire arms, and had only the primitive arms left that they used before the introduction of arms of civilization.

The boom which is setting in through Arizona will be principally confined to Yuma, Maricopa, Gila, Pinal, Pima, Cochise and Graham counties, as these are the counties of great resources and they being in the climate belt which is so desirable for the invalid and health prospectors.—Star.

## A Promising Sign.

One of the most promising signs apparent in the western range country is the prompt justice which has of late been meted out to "rustlers" and similar characters of the "no good" sort. During the last few weeks the killing of a couple of this class of undesirable citizens has been sent forth from New Mexico, while the northern Territories have furnished one or two items of equally an interesting nature. Time was when a sparse population gave this class of freebooters almost absolute immunity from arrest once they had succeeded in leaving the immediate scene of their crimes, and allowed them to wander at will, posing as "cowboys," until they found it convenient to throw off the mask and assume their true character of criminals. None will rejoice so heartily in the thorough clearing out of this class of scoundrels than the simon-pure cowboy himself, and no better proof of this can be given than the willingness with which he always volunteers to assist in vindicating the law by assisting in its enforcement. While to the eastern imagination the cowboy of the west may be a "raw flesh and bloody bones" individual, who carries his coffin on his back and never loses an opportunity to be "wild and woolly" and even worse, the people of the west know him and appreciate him at his true worth—brave, self reliant and law abiding. With the eastern people it is the counterfeit that passes, while in the west it is simply the man—tried and found true—that goes.—Hoof & Horn.

## The Man Who Does the Work.

Do you see that man over in the field driving a pair of mules? Who is he, and what is he doing?

He is a farmer and is engaged in plowing. He is the man that moves the world. If he would go on a strike and refuse to raise a crop for a single year, it would produce a more disastrous effect than would result from a universal strike of all the brotherhood of railroad employees and trade unions combined. He with his glittering share, furnishes subsistence for all the brotherhoods and everybody else, and if he should "go out" for some real or imaginary wrong, he would paralyze the commerce of the world on sea and on land. Every locomotive would rust in its stall, the cars would rot on the side-tracks, the song of the spindle and hum of the factory would be hushed and silent, the goods of the merchant would be moth-eaten on his shelves, and even the government would be powerless to interfere. The share though bright, glitters only when it is idle. It hides its polish under a six-inch layer of usefulness. The man, though intelligent, dresses in homespun, and patiently toils on, year by year, bearing the ill he cannot shun, and because he does not strike the world moves on and the people have bread to eat. And how just soon a moment, and consider how much more our prosperity depends on the man with the mules than on the dude with the cane and the waxed mustache.—Garden City Herald.

## Saufoin

According to the Portland Oregonian, saufoin is the grass for Nevada. It will survive the coldest winters and grow luxuriantly without irrigation, and is relished by cattle. The grass goes by various names, but is best known as saufoin. It is claimed that it thrives in New Mexico and grows most luxuriantly over the hottest and driest portions of Arizona. Not that it is already spread over the Territory, in fact it is nowhere, but it is said to grow in the dry plains and stony ridges of the entire mid-continent, it grows luxuriantly all summer, and needs no irrigation or cultivation. If the story told in an exchange of the wonderful growth and great tenacity of this plant are in any degree correct saufoin will realize all the hopes of stockmen and convert the vast deserts and plains, as well as the rocky ranges and burnt districts, of Utah, Nevada, New Mexico, Arizona and the Pacific Northwest into wealth-producing countries. The want of such a pasture and forage plant is common to all these Territories, and to supply it as claimed will add untold millions to the wealth and value of the national domain.

## The Highway of Nations.

The broad Atlantic is ever a stormy thoroughfare. Yet blow the winds ever so fiercely, and ride the waves ever so loftily, seamen must man the good ships, tourists will brave the passage, and commercial travelers and buyers must visit the centers of foreign trade. That atrocious malarial, sea-sickness, together with colicky pains and much inward uneasiness is often endured when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have fortified the voyagers against them. Sea captains, and in fact all old salts and veteran travellers, are acquainted with the protective value of this estimable preventative and remedy, and are rarely unprovided with it. Emigrants to the far west should use it as a safeguard against malaria. Seek the aid of the Bitters for dyspepsia, constipation, liver complaint, kidney troubles, and all ailments that impair the harmonious and vigorous action of the vital powers.

For nearly two years Arizona has had absolute peace and a constantly growing prosperity. The Apache question so emphatically determined by General Nelson A. Miles is bearing its legitimate fruits and the people are in the enjoyment of the same. Colonel Slicher, chief of scouts of the San Carlos reservation, who is now in this city, states that absolute peace and contentment exists among all the tribes on the reservation. There is much more land being cultivated by the Indians than ever before in the history of the reservation. Much land is being reclaimed, their stock is increasing rapidly and thrift is apparent on every hand. The Indians are coming to understand that there is but one law for the white man and for the Indians, this is producing a most salutary effect in maintaining order and discipline, all of which is largely due to the strict and rigid policy inaugurated by General Miles and enforced by Captain Pierce.—Star.

G. H. OURY,  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,  
Florence, Pinal County, Arizona.

H. N. ALEXANDER,  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,  
Irvine Building, Phoenix, Arizona.

H. V. JACKSON,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW.  
Will practice in all Courts in the Territory.  
Office in Collingwood Building, Main street.

WM. HARVEY, M. D.  
Physician and Surgeon,  
Florence, Arizona.

A. T. COLTON,  
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,  
Deputy United States Mineral Surveyor.  
Irrigation Works a Specialty.  
Office with Oury & Gould.

BO. J. WHITESIDE,  
COUNTY RECORDER,  
Conveyancing and Record Searching a Specialty.  
Agricultural and Mining Abstracts of Title.  
Reports Made on all Classes of Lands.  
Correspondence Solicited.  
Florence, Pinal County, Arizona.

Pure Fresh Water,  
Served Families Morning and Evening.  
P. S. RAMIREZ, Prop.

JOHN C. LOSS,  
Notary Public. Real Estate & Ins. Agt  
CASA GRANDE, A. T.

Execut: all kinds of papers with dispatch  
Prompt attention paid to all collections. Will  
attend cases in Justice Court. Charges mod-  
erate.  
Office Wells, Fargo & Co., Casa Grande

GEORGE MARTIN,  
Druggist and Chemist  
Tucson, Arizona.

Prescriptions carefully compounded and  
sent by mail or express to any part of the  
Territory.

F. A. ODERMATT,  
OPERATIVE AND PROSTHETIC  
DENTIST,  
No. 213 Pennington St., up stairs,  
Tucson, Arizona.

Special attention paid to correcting irregular-  
ities in Children's Teeth.  
Deformities of the mouth, either congenital or  
acquired, corrected by mechanical ap-  
pliances.  
Artificial Dentures made on Gold, Platinum  
or Vulcanite base.

JULIUS LUEDKE,  
—DEALER IN—  
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and  
Spectacles.

Watches Clocks and Jewelry repair-  
ed and warranted.

Orders left at the Florence Hotel, or  
sent by Mail or Express will be  
promptly attended to.

PINAL ARIZONA.

JOHN A. BACK,  
—Dealer in—  
WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY,  
WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Corner Congress and Meyer Streets, Tucson,  
WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

FLORENCE BREWERY.

I wish to announce to all my customers and  
patrons that I am still at my old stand in this  
place and manufacture the

Finest Beer in the Territory,  
Which I offer for sale by the  
Keg, Gallon, Bottle or Glass.

BOTTLED BEER

A Specialty.  
A Finer Article is not found in the Terri-  
tory. All Orders Promptly  
Filled.

Beer forwarded to Silver King, Minera  
Hill and other Mining Camps.

Choice Wines, Liquors, and Cigars  
Sold over my bar.

PETER WILL, Proprietor.

Stage Lines.  
TEXAS AND CALIFORNIA STAGE CO.  
DAILY LINE OF STAGES,  
Between Casa Grande and Florence, Carrying  
U. S. Mail and Wells, Fargo & Co's.,  
—Express—

Leaves Casa Grande, . . . . . 2 a. m.  
" Florence, . . . . . 1 p. m.

Connecting at Florence with  
GLOBE and FLORENCE STAGE LINE.

Leaves Florence Daily at 2 p. m., for  
RIVERSIDE, DRIPPING SPRINGS, PI-  
ONEER and GLOBE.

—Connects at—  
RIVERSIDE with Boone & Son's line for  
BENSON.

J. C. LOSS, Agt. Casa Grande.  
W. E. GUILD, Agt. Florence.

Connects at MAMMOTH with the Boone  
Stage from Riverside, for AMERICAN  
FLAG, ORACLE and TUCSON.

Leaves Mammoth Tuesday's Thursday's and  
Saturday's, returning alternate days.